Achieving Digital Maturity of distance education in the times of COVID-19

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EPF Open meeting "Virtual Frankfurt" October 16th, 2020

Klett EE & Baltics

KLETT OPERATIONS IN THE REGION Bulgaria (3 brands) Croatia Czech Republic Greece Montenegro Poland Romania

Serbia (3 brands)

Slovenia (2 brands)

Achieving Digital Maturity



THE QUESTION IS NOT WHAT BUT HOW!

The impact of the lockdown

Key findings regarding the use of digital learning solutions during the lockdown

- Publishers instantly enabled free access to their digital textbooks.
- Rapid growth of use: approximately 8x on average (teachers and students).
- Faster growth in the segment of students.

HOWEVER, majority of teachers and students WERE NOT USING digital teaching/learning materials, even if using online communication platforms – with exceptions!

Key dilemma: LONG-TERM IMPACT?

Country	Growth in the number of digital users
Bulgaria	10x
Croatia	7 x
Czech Republic	10x
Estonia	2 x
Greece	5x
Lithuania	10x
Poland	16x
Serbia	6x
Slovenia	6x

Prevailing approach

Bulgaria	Video lessons based on PRINTED textbooks (photographed or simple pdf-based e-textbooks).		
Dulgalla	Lessons on TV as backup.		
Croatia	Lessons on TV for younger students, with related assignments from PRINTED textbooks and worksheets sent		
Croatia	and worksheets, shared through communication platforms.		
Czech Republic Self-learning from PRINTED textbooks based on instructions sent by teachers via SIS or email.			
	Main subjects backed with lessons on 1 v.		
Estonia	Regular video lessons by a vast majority of teachers, extensive use of communication platforms,		
	LMS assignments based on DIGITAL textbooks.		
Greece	Video lessons for older students, based on PRINTED textbooks, conducted by less than 50% teachers. Others used the state platform for sharing instructions, related to PRINTED textbooks, worksheets and exercises for work at home. Lessons on TV (only revision, no new content) + worksheets emailed by teachers or sent via the		
	state platform to younger students.		
Poland	In higher grades, the distance education depended on individual teacher's approach which mostly resulted in self-learning from PRINTED textbooks, based on instructions and assignments sent by teachers via SIS or email, supplemented with e-materials from the ministerial platform. Younger students learnt from lessons on TV and related assignments from PRINTED textbooks sent by teachers via SIS or email.		
Serbia	Lessons on TV with assignments from PRINTED textbooks or exercise books and worksheets, sent by teachers to students via Viber or email. Teachers included in the "Digital classroom" project connected assignments with the content of DIGITAL textbooks.		
Slovenia	Distance education depended on individual teacher's approach. Mostly self-learning from PRINTED textbooks and worksheets based on instructions published by teachers on the internet or sent via email.		

Prevailing approach

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Case by case

Seven case studies

Croatia Serbia Bulgaria Slovenia Montenegro Estonia Lithuania



Estonia

Lithuania

Croatia

"E-SCHOOL" & "SCHOOL FOR LIFE" PROJECTS, 2015–2022 (ONGOING)

- internet and hardware for schools, incl. laptops for teachers and tablets for students (approx. 208 thousand tablets so far!); hectic hardware distribution
- teacher training and formation of teacher communities
- digitalization of processes / SIS
- tenders for digital OER (creation and revision), digital teacher materials and OER authoring tool
- empty promises publishers to receive fees for potential use of their digital textbooks depending on the level of interactivity estimated during approval procedure: 10%, 20% or 30% of related printed textbooks price per student, regardless of actual usage!



Croatia

OUTCOMES

- low use of digital OER less than 10% of teachers
- OER practically not used by students
- obvious misuse of EU funds (usually representing 85% of the total project value)
- Klett invested in real digital textbooks and LMS (IZZI platform), other publishers offered pdf-based e-textbooks enriched with learning objects
- Iegislation does not support digital textbook development and growth of usage

• print prevails = no influence on the paradigm

BC (before corona): very low use
DC (during corona): 7x growth
AC (expectations after corona): use potentially 2–3 times higher than BC but generally expected to remain low

Serbia

"DIGITAL CLASSROOM" PROJECT 2018+ (ONGOING)

Pilot project "2,000 digital classrooms" in the 2018/2019 school year

- hardware (laptop, beamer, stand) assigned to pre-defined teacher's classroom
- internet access
- teacher training
- teacher mentorship (network of mentors)
- digital textbooks + LMSs provided by ALL existing textbook publishers: licenses paid by the ministry

Gradual expansion in the years 2019–2021

Number of teachers included in the project per segment/grade/school year

		School year				
Segment	Grade	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022 expectations	
primary	1	1,000 (25%)	4,000 (100%)	4,000 (100%)	4,000 (100%)	
	2		3,000 (75%)	4,000 (100%)	4,000 (100%)	
	3			4,000 (100%)	4,000 (100%)	
	4				4,000 (100%)	
lower secondary	5	1,000 (4%)	2 000 (110/)		27.000 (100%)	
	6		3,000 (11%)	~ 15,000 (55%)		
	7				27,000 (100%)	
	8					
upper secondary	1				4 000 (100%)	
(gymnasium)	2				4,000 (100%)	

Serbia

Gross values	School year				
	2018/2019 2019/2020		2020/2021		
total government investment	2.96 M€	10.07 M€	14.09 M€		
hardware	2 M€	7.8 M€	9.6 M€		
teacher training	0.6 M€	0.34 M€	0.12 M€		
licenses	0.36 M€	1.93 M€	4.37 M€		
model	180 € / teacher = 11 € / student	36 € / subject-class = 11 € / student	36 € / subject-class = 11 € / student		
digital market in total textbook market	1%	6%	13%		

Serbia

OUTCOMES

- rapidly growing use of digital textbooks
- growing importance of digital textbooks in textbook selection process
- publishers invest in quality digital solutions
- publishers invest in additional teacher training
- usually one platform selected by teachers for one school (unique user experience)
- analytics in one Learning Management Systems per school
- print still prevails but the paradigm is changing rapidly

BC: use gradually growing

- DC: 6x growth
- AC: use expected to remain high and keep growing at an even faster pace

PERIOD 2009-2013

- outsourced digital content for STEM subjects
- no technical equipment in schools = very few users

PERIOD 2014-2020

- regular tenders for internet and hardware
- 40 pilot schools with tablets publishers to deliver free content (as a marketing tool): project terminated in 2016
- schools apply for financing SIS (2018–2019) and digital content for teachers (2018)

SINCE 2018

publishers obliged to publish freely accessible pdf-based textbooks
 – a fee of approx. 3% of printed textbook value paid by the ministry

0.6 M€

40.8 M€

PERIOD 2019–2022 (ONGOING)

- development of national cloud environment and central platform
- further investments in hardware
- teacher training
- digital OER to be created and evaluated by a group of trained teachers (approx. 80 € for creation + approx. 30 € for evaluation per learning object)
- digital open source content (foreign and domestic) to be identified, localized and evaluated by a group of trained teachers

52.6 M€

1.1 M€

OUTCOMES (FROM PREVIOUS PERIODS AND EXPECTED)

- digital textbooks from publishers only as a marketing tool (limited or withdrawn investments)
- no development of real learning management systems
- obvious misuse of EU funds

O print prevails = no influence on the paradigm

• growing digital afternoon market outside standard textbook publishing business

BC: low useDC: 10x growthAC: low use, potentially slightly higher than BC



GROWING DIGITAL MARKET outside the standard publishing business

- ucha.se with 16,000 video lessons, exercises and tests
- all subjects and grades from primary to upper secondary
- two clicks adjust the order/structure of the content making it compliant with ANY approved textbook
- targeting both school and afternoon markets
- annual license in the afternoon market:
 2019: 70 € 2020: 91.60 €





Number of registered users (in 000)



Turnover (in 000 €)



Slovenia

A CASE OF STATE POLICY FOCUSED ON DIGITAL OER

PERIOD 2006–2015

- regular investments in hardware & internet
- tenders and projects for OER: 16.9 M€
- poor quality materials developed by individuals and small companies;
 no participation of textbook publishers due to unacceptable conditions (Creative Commons)
- very low use of the created OER

PERIOD 2016-2018

• no significant actions

2020

empty promises: student digital basket of 10 €

Slovenia

100%

Actual use = 10%		100% VALUE INVESTED IN THE CONTENT FOR 100% TARGET USERS	10x HIGHER COST PER EACH OF 10% ACTUAL USERS		
35	5% Experience	SUBJECT	TENDER VALUE	PER ACTUAL USER	
	Chemistry, lower secondary	58,098 €	575 €	_	
	Biology, lower secondary	51,364 €	723 €		
	Decemition	Biology, lower secondary	22,724 €	no users!	
41%	Recognition	Geography, lower secondary	42,947 €	2,863 €	_
	Geography, lower secondary	8,294 €	no users!		
		Multi-subject, lower secondary	173,182€	no users!	
	National language, lower secondary	80,297 €	590 €	_	
All target users		Mathematics, upper secondary	75,804 €	no users!	
		Mathematics, upper secondary	49,328 €	no users!	

BC: drastically low use
DC: no significant growth + empty promises
AC: drastically low use



www.uci.me

= teach.me



https://youtu.be/EVhDuVwewY8

"DIGITAL CLASSROOM" PROJECT, 2020+

- introduction of digital textbooks based on the only existing textbooks by the National Institute for Textbooks and Teaching Aids
- digital textbooks for all students and teachers in Grade 1 (497 classrooms, 162 schools, 7,000 students)
- planned expansion to higher grades from 2021

PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP

- Ministry of Education of Montenegro
- state publisher: National Institute for Textbooks and Teaching Aids
- Profil Klett Publishing / Croatia + National Geographic
- local telecom: mtel

JUN 2020 **22**





"DIGITAL CLASSROOM" PROJECT IN 2020

- hardware (laptops, smart TVs, IWBs)
- internet connection
- digital textbooks
- digital teacher's guides
- distance learning guide
- Learning Management System
- (online) teacher training

3.5 M€ (grades 1–6)

donation by operators

developed by Klett, financed by mtel and donated to MOE



USERS

- one entry point
- unified user experience
- unified learning analytics
- digital content fully compliant with printed content

STATE

- clear and efficient system
- low costs
- reduced training needs
- readiness for distance teaching/learning

COMMERCIAL PARTNER

- PR / brand positioning
- extension of the target market
- sales of extra licenses, services, devices ...



BC: no digital materials
DC: no digital materials
AC: rapidly growing use in the covered Grade 1



OPIQ = "NETFLIX FOR DIGITAL TEXTBOOKS"

- one platform for all publishers (private ownership)
- standard layout and user experience
- publishers voluntarily add their digital textbooks
- several packages including 300 titles
- paradigm: maintaining stable market volume (print + digital) during transition from print to digital
- Ministry of Education and Research finances free access for all students and teachers in primary & lower secondary schools: currently at 10 € / student
- current digital market volume = 13% of the total volume

www.opiq.ee



SAMPLES OF DIGITAL PACKS

Private user's pack
270 digital textbooks
4.55 € / month

Upper secondary student's pack 41 digital textbooks 3.35 € / month

Literature for high school 5 digital textbooks 1.50 € / month



	7.	8.	9.	G	Together
history				7	7
biology				6	6
Estonian				1	1
geography				6	6
chemistry	0	1	1	1	1
literature				5	5
conomics and entrepreneurship				1	1
mathematics				7	7
music education				3	3
Russian				1	1
social studies				3	3
Together	1	1	1	41	41



The impact of the lockdown

40K students/ month	90K students/week
4K teachers/ month	6.6K teachers/week
0.2M pageviews/ day	2.2M pageviews/day



USERS

- one entry point
- unified user experience
- unified learning analytics
- digital content fully compliant with printed content

BC: use constantly growing
DC: 2x growth of users, 10x growth of regular use
AC: use expected to remain high and keep growing

PUBLISHERS

- focus on content instead of technology
- lower development costs

STATE

- clear and efficient system
- low costs & simple financing
- reduced training needs
- keeping the publishing market alive and highly competitive
- simple insight into analytics
- readiness for distance teaching/learning

Lithuania

THE SITUATION BY 2019:

- student's printed textbook basket: 19–20 €/year
- school funds full of very old textbooks actual needs greatly exceed the basket value
- textbook basket can be used for digital materials (only theoretically)
- very slowly emerging digital market

THE MINISTRY'S REACTION AFTER THE LOCKDOWN EXPERIENCE:

- additional student's digital basket 25 € for two years = **12.5** € per year / student
- total two-year value for digital basket of 8 M€

Lithuania

eduka KLASĖ

www.klase.eduka.lt



OUTCOMES

- a few textbook publishers join the most popular digital textbook platform: Eduka Klasė (a few other publishers decide to remain outside the system)
- the platform has turned into a "Netflix for e-textbooks"
- over 300 e-textbooks (mostly pdf-based) and related banks of interactive exercises
- Learning Management System
- **BC:** low but growing use
- DC: 10x growth
- AC: use expected to remain at the increased level and keep growing

Achieving Digital Maturity



SO WHAT WORKS?

Generating digital users

INFRASTRUCTURE, PLATFORM(S) AND TEACHER TRAINING

- holistic approach: simultaneous introduction of hardware, initial training and digital content
- assigning hardware to individual teacher
- one platform or more integrated platforms used at individual school
 = SSO and unified learning experience
- piloting in a selected group of more skilled teachers and quick extension, thanks to knowledge transfer
- monitoring and accelerating the progress through network of digital mentors and early adopters (pioneer digital teachers)

Generating digital users

HIGH-QUALITY DIGITAL LEARNING CONTENT

- full correlation between printed and digital textbooks, especially during transition
- annual access financed by the ministry, based on actual use or pre-defined digital student/teacher basket
- at appropriate value, the content providers:
 - compete in quality and invest in the development of digital content
 - produce, obtain and localise high-quality content from 3rd-party providers (royalty fees)
 - regularly update and optimize content
 - offer additional free teacher training
 - promote regular use of digital solutions



Governmental investments in OER in the region did not bring ANY of the above benefits. In the long-run, OER appeared dramatically more expensive per actual user and far less efficient.

Lockdown experience

SUCCESSFULL "DISTANCE LEARNING"

OR

SELF-LEARNING

+ SUCCESSFULL PR ABOUT "DISTANCE LEARNING"

Digital Maturity

mature / lockdown resistant
 developing
 immature / lockdown irresistant

THANK YOU!

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